

# **UNIVERSITY OF KERALA**



**SCHEME AND SYLLABUS FOR THE FIRST DEGREE  
PROGRAMME IN POLITICAL SCIENCE AND  
SCHEME AND SYLLABUS OF COMPLEMENTARY  
AND OPEN COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER  
PROGRAMMES BY POLITICAL SCIENCE FACULTY  
UNDER THE CHOICE BASED CREDIT AND  
SEMESTER SYSTEM (CBCS) IN AFFILIATED  
COLLEGES**

**EFFECTIVE FROM 2017 ADMISSIONS ONWARDS**

## SCHEME OF FIRST DEGREE PROGRAMME IN **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

SEM.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	INSTR HRS	NUMBER OF CREDIT
I	EN 1 1 1 1	English-I	5	4
	1 1 1 1	Addl. Language I	4	3
	EN 1 1 2 1	Foundation Course I	4	2
	PS 1 1 4 1	Core I- Methodology and Perspectives of Social Sciences	6	4
	EC 1 1 3 1	Complementary I	3	2
	HY 1 1 3 1	Complementary II	3	2
		Total	25	17
II	EN 1 2 1 1	English II	5	4
	EN 1 2 1 2	English III	4	3
	1 2 1 1	Addl. Language II	4	3
	PS 1 2 4 1	Core II - Introduction to Political theory	6	4
	EC 1 2 3 1	Complementary III	3	3
	HY 1 2 3 1	Complementary IV	3	3
		Total	25	20
III	EN 1 3 1 1	English IV	5	4
	1 3 1 1	Addl. Language III	5	4
	PS 1 3 2 1	Foundation Course II (Cyber Politics)	4	3
	PS 1 3 4 1	Core III -Indian Constitution	5	4
	EC 1 3 3 1	Complementary V	3	3
	HY 1 3 3 1	Complementary VI	3	3
		Total	25	21

IV	EN 1 4 1 1	English V	5	4
	1 4 1 1	Addl. Language IV	5	4
	PS 1 4 4 1	Core IV- Dynamics of Indian Political System	5	4
	PS 1 4 4 2	Core V- Introduction to Comparative Politics	4	3
	EC 1 4 3 1	Complementary VII	3	3
	HY 1 4 3 1	Complementary VIII	3	3
		Total	25	21
V	PS 1 5 4 1	Core VI - Public administration	5	4
	PS 1 5 4 2	Core VII - Ancient and Medieval Political Thought	4	4
	PS 1 5 4 3	Core VIII - International Relations	3	2
	PS 1 5 4 4	Core IX - Research Methods in Political Science	4	4
	PS 1 5 4 5	Core X - Human Rights in India	4	4
	1551	Open Course I	3	2
		Dissertation / Project	3	-
		Total	25	20
VI	PS 1 6 4 1	Core XI - Modern Political Thought	5	4
	PS 1 6 4 2	Core XII - State and Society in Kerala	5	4
	PS 1 6 4 3	Core XIII - Decentralization and Participatory Democracy	5	4
	PS 1 6 4 4	Core XIV - New Social Movements	4	3
	PS1651.1/ PS1651.2/	Open II - (Elective) Globalisation and Political Systems/ Introduction to Public Policy Analysis	3	2

	PS 1645	Project / Dissertation	3	4
		Total	25	21
		<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>120</b>

**SCHEME OF  
FIRST DEGREE PROGRAMME - COMPLEMENTARY  
COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DISCIPLINES**

SEM.	COURSE	COURSE TITLE	INSTR. HRS.	NO. OF CREDIT
I	PS 1131	Introduction to Political Science	3	2
II	PS 1231	Indian Government and Politics	3	3
III	PS 1331	Public Administration	3	3
IV	PS 1431	International Politics	3	3

**SCHEME OF FIRST DEGREE PROGRAMME - OPEN  
COURSES OFFERED TO OTHER DISCIPLINES**

SEM	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	INSTR. HRS.	NO.OF CREDIT
V	PS 1551.1	Development Administration /	3	2
	PS 1551.2	Human Rights in India/		
	PS 1551.3	Green Politics		

<b>SEMESTER I</b>
<b>CORE COURSE I</b>
<b>PS 1141</b>

## **METHODOLOGY AND PERSPECTIVES OF SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**Aim of the course:** The course intends to familiarize the students with the broad contours of social sciences and their methodology.

### **Objective of the course**

- Identify the main concerns of social science disciplines
- Articulate the basic terminology and theories prevalent across disciplines
- Understand qualitative and quantitative models within the social sciences
- To learn to apply the methods and theories of social science to contemporary issues
- Critically read popular and periodical literature from a social science perspective

**MODULE -I:** Introduction to Social Science  
Philosophy of social science  
Emergence of Social Science-Enlightenment-Capitalism-  
Growth in the 20<sup>th</sup> Century  
Social Science and Society  
Social Science in India

**MODULE-II:** Interdisciplinary Approach in Social Science- Relevance  
Interdisciplinary perspectives- Areas of Inter-relationship  
divergences (Political economy, Political sociology, Geo-  
politics, Environmental Politics)

**MODULE-III:** Objectivity in Social Sciences  
Scientific method-Application and limitations  
Challenges of Objectivity  
Question of value-fact dichotomy  
The question of research ethics and plagiarism

**MODULE- IV:** Evolution, Growth and Importance of Political Science  
Methods and Perspectives of Political Science  
Methods-Normative Vs Empirical  
Perspectives-Liberal Democratic-Critical Perspective

## **Reading list**

### **MODULE-I**

- Hunt, Elgin F. and David C. Colander (2010), *Social Science-An Introduction to the study of society*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley India Pvt. Ltd., pp.1-31.
- Immanuel Wallerstein et al. (1996), *Open the social sciences*, New Delhi: Vistaar Publication, pp.1-69.
- Martin, Hollis (2000), *The philosophy of social sciences: An introduction*, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- Nagel, Ernest (2005), "Problems of concept and theory formation in the social science" in Mark J. Smith (ed.) *Philosophy and methodology of social sciences*, Vol.II, New Delhi: Sage publications, pp.301-319.
- Joshi, Dhananjay (2012), *Methodology of teaching social sciences*, New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India) Pvt. Ltd., pp. 1-13.
- Banerjee, Prathama (2008), "The social science in post-1947 India", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 43(16):22-25.
- Varghese, George (2011), "Rethinking social sciences and humanities in the contemporary world", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 46(31): 91-98.
- Balakrishnan, Pulapre (2008), "Social science research in India: concerns and proposals", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 43(5):28-33.
- Chatterjee, Partha (2008), "The near future of social science research in India", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 43(5):38-40.
- Chalam, K.S(2002), "Rethinking social sciences", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 37(10):921-922.
- Joshi, P.C. (1975), "Reflections on social science research in India", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 24(2): 139-162.
- Bhambhri, C.P. (1998), "Globalisation and social science", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 33(1/2):17-19.
- Nataraj, V.K, et.al (2001), "Social science: dialogue for survival", *Economic and Political Weekly*, 36(33):3128-3133.

### **MODULE-II**

- Julie, Thomson Klein (1990), *Interdisciplinarity- History, Theory and Practice*, Michigan: Wayne State University Press.
- Squires, Geoffrey et al. (1975), *Interdisciplinarity*, London: Nuffield Foundation
- Meeth, Richard (1978), "Interdisciplinary studies: A matter of definition", *Change*, 10(7).
- Bie, Pierre de (1968), "Multidisciplinary problem focused research", *International Social Science Journal*, 20(2).

### MODULE - III

- Kundu, Abhijith (2009), *The social science: methodology and perspectives*, New Delhi: Pearson, pp. 73-89.
- Eleanor, Bisbee (1937), "Objectivity in the social sciences", *Philosophy of science*, 4(3): 371-382.
- Daniel, Little (1993), "Evidence and objectivity in social science", *Social Research*, 60(2): 363-396.
- Biagini. E (1998), "Objectivity in the social sciences: Has anyone seen it around?", *Geo Journal*, 45(3):221-224.
- Harding, Sandra G. (1997), 'Does objectivity in social science require value-neutrality?', *Soundings: An interdisciplinary Journal*, 60(4): 351-362.
- Weber, Max(2005), "Objectivity in social science and social policy" in in Mark J. Smith (ed.) *Philosophy and methodology of social sciences*, Vol.II, New Delhi: Sage publications, pp.3-49.
- Perry, John (2008), "Through the lens of science" in *Contemporary society: an introduction to social science*, Allyn and Bacon
- Hunt, Elgin F. (2008), "Social Science and its methods", in *Social science: an introduction to the study of society*, Allyn and Bacon

### MODULE -IV

- Heywood, Andrew (2007), *Politics*, New York: Palgrave macmillan, pp.3-41
- Wong, James K.L.(2011), "Evolution of science in political science" in John T. Ishiyama, Marijke Breuning (ed.) *21<sup>st</sup> Century political science: A reference handbook*, pp.451-458.
- Appadorai A.(2000), *The substance of politics*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press,pp.3-18.
- Voegelin, Eric (1952), *The new science of politics: An Introduction*, Chicago: The University of Chicago Press, pp. 1-51.
- Conley H.Dillon et.al (1958), *Introduction to political science*, New Delhi: Affiliated East West Press Pvt. Ltd, pp.1-7.
- Frank J. Sorauf and Charles S.Hyneman (1965), *Perspectives on Political Science*, Ohio: Charles E. Merrill Publishing Co,pp1-8& 22-74.



<b>SEMESTER - II</b>
<b>CORE COURSE -II</b>
<b>PS 1241</b>

## **INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL THEORY**

**Aims:** To make a better understanding of the various principles in political science discipline.

To familiarize the students with the various aspects of political theory.

### **Objective of the course:**

- To introduce the students Political theory and the basic concepts
- To identify various approaches to the study of Political theory
- To impart knowledge about various theories and concepts of Political Theory
- To familiarize the students about the structure and functions of the organs of government.

### **MODULE - I**

What is political theory?

Need and significance of political theory- Types of political theory.

Political theory and political thought.

### **MODULE - II**

Approaches to the study of political theory:

Positivist and post-positivist approach (Behaviouralism and post-behaviouralism)

Critical perspectives (Marxist, neo-Marxist, post-Marxist)

### **MODULE - III**

Theories of State and Sovereignty:

A) State:

a) Concept- Instrumentalist Vs Structuralist view

b) Varieties of State: Liberal State, Marxist State, Neo-liberal State, Post-colonial State.

- c) State, Civil Society, Political Culture

**B) Sovereignty:**

- a) Types
- b) Theories of Sovereignty- Legal and Pluralist
- c) State, Sovereignty in the era of globalization

**MODULE - IV**

Key concepts in Political Science:

- A) Power: Concept- Varieties of Power (Transitive and Intransitive)

Alternative notions of Power- Michel Foucault

- B) Freedom: Concept- Negative Vs Positive Freedom (Rousseau and Isaiah Berlin); Justice as Freedom (Amartya Sen)

- C) Justice: Concept- Distributive and Procedural justice

Communitarian and Libertarian, Feminist critique of Justice

**Reading list:**

**MODULE -I**

Bhargava, R. (2008) 'What is political theory', in Bhargava, R and Acharya, A.(eds) Political theory: An introduction. New Delhi: Pearson Longman.

Kymlicka Will,(2005) 'Contemporary Political Philosophy', Indian Edition (New Delhi: Oxford University Press )

**MODULE -II**

M.T. Vinod and Meena Deshpande, (2013) Contemporary political theory (New Delhi: Prentice Hall India Private Limited )

**MODULE -III**

O P Gauba (2009), An Introduction to Political theory (New Delhi: Mc Millan Publishers)

Arnold Brecht (1959) The foundation of 20<sup>th</sup> century political thought (Princeton University Press)

**MODULE -IV**

Mary Hawkesworth and Maurice Kogan (eds.) Encyclopaedia of Government and Politics, second edition (London: Routledge, 2004)

<b>SEMESTER III</b>
<b>FOUNDATION COURSE II</b>
<b>PS 1321</b>

## **CYBER POLITICS**

### **Aim:**

The course intends to offer a broad perspective on Cyber Space and the politics involved in it.

### **Objectives:**

- To introduce the student to Information Communication Technology(ICT)
- To familiarize the importance of ICT in Governance and Development
- To make the student understand the importance of democratization of Cyber Space and its security issues

### **MODULE-I: Growth of ICT in the 20<sup>th</sup> Century**

Impact on State and Society

Network Society, Virtual Space

Digital divide-gender, class, minorities, rural-urban

### **MODULE-II : ICT, Governance and Development**

-e-governance-meaning, definition and importance

-Types of e-governance-Government to Citizen, government to business, government to employee and government to government

-e-governance initiative in Kerala-An overview-Information Kerala Mission

### **MODULE-II: Democratization of Cyber space**

Social media, Cyber Activism

-Free software, Copy left

-e-democracy and e-participation-goals of e-democracy, advantages and challenges

-Digital Campaigning and voting-Online civic engagement-Blogging, Chatting, tweeting

### **MODULE-IV: Cyber space, Capitalism and Law**

- Controls on Cyber space-Surveillance, governmentality
- Security issues-Protection of privacy and civil liberties, Cyber hacking
- Information Technology Act of India

### **Reading List**

#### **MODULE- I**

- Castells, M. (2003): The Internet galaxy: reflections on the Internet, business, and society. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Castells, Manuel (2009): Communication Power, New York: Oxford University Press.
- Hassan, Robert (2004): Media, Politics and the Network Society, Glasgow: Open University Press.
- Hassan, Robert and Julian Thomas (eds.) (2006): The New Media Theory Reader, Maidenhead: Open University Press.
- Hill, Kevin and Hughes (1998): Cyberpolitics: Citizen Activism in the Age of the Internet, New York: Rowman and Little field
- Pippa Norris, 2003, Digital Divide: Civic Engagement, Information Poverty, and the Internet, Cambridge University Press, UK.
- Karatzogianni, Athina (ed.) (2009): Cyber Conflict and Global Politics, London and New York: Routledge.
- Keenan, Thomas and Kyong Chun (eds.) (2005): New Media, Old Media: A History and Theory Reader, New York: Routledge. ,
- Webster, Frank (ed.) (2001): Culture and Politics in the Information Age: a new politics?, New York: Routledge.

#### **MODULE -II**

- Hill, Kevin and Hughes (1998): Cyberpolitics: Citizen Activism in the Age of the Internet, New York: Rowman and Little field.
- Danier Amor, The E-Business (R) Evolution, Prentice Hall of India N J, 2000
- Subash Bhatnagar; Information technology and development-foundations and key issues, Sage publications New Delhi 1991
- Bagga R K, Kenneth Keniston, Mathur RR: The state IT and Development, Sage publications, New Delhi 2005
- David Osborne, Ted Gaebler: Reinventing Government. Prentice hall of India New Delhi 1992
- Roy Sumit; Globalization CIT and developing nations-challenges in the information age, Sage publications New Delhi, 2005.
- 1 and R.K. Bagga, 2008, Compendium of e-Governance Initiatives in India , Universities Press

#### **MODULE -III**

- OECD, Promise and Problems of E-Democracy Challenges of Online Citizen Engagement , OECD Publishing, 2004

Andreas Meier, e-Democracy & eGovernment: Stages of a Democratic Knowledge Society, Springer Science & Business Media, 2012

Gill SS; Information revolution in India- a critique; Rupa & Co New Delhi 2004

Clay Shirky, 2011. The Political Power of Social Media, Foreign Affairs Journal, January/ February 2011

Hill, Kevin and Hughes (1998): Cyberpolitics: Citizen Activism in the Age of the Internet, Rowman and Little field, New York.

Moore, S. (2000): Media and Everyday Life in Modern Society, Edinburgh University Press.

#### **MODULE -IV**

Shawn M. Powers, Michael Jablonski, 2015, The Real Cyber War: The Political Economy of Internet Freedom, University of Illinois Press, USA.

Richard A. Spinello, 2002, Regulating Cyberspace: The Policies and Technologies of Control, Quorum Books, USA.

S.K Bansal, 2001, Cyber Millennium: Challenges and Opportunities, APH Publishing, New Delhi

Ronald Deibert (Ed), 2010, Access Controlled: The Shaping of Power, Rights, and Rule in Cyberspace, MIT Press, London.

Pavan Duggal, 2002, Cyberlaw: the Indian perspective, Saakshar Law Publications, Saakshar Law Publication.

Dudley, Alfreda (Eds), 2012, Investigating Cyber Law and Cyber Ethics: Issues, Impacts and Practices, Information Science Reference, USA

<b>SEMESTER- III</b>
<b>CORE COURSE - III</b>
<b>PS 1341</b>

### **INDIAN CONSTITUTION**

#### **Aim:**

To impart knowledge about the legal and ideological framework of the Indian Constitution.

#### **Objectives:**

- To create awareness about the political processes and the actual functioning of the political system.
- To study in detail the political structure – both constitutional and administrative.
- To study the rights and privileges granted by the constitution.

#### **MODULE - I - Constitution: An Introduction**

Major features of the Government of India Act of 1935;

Ideological Base of the Constitution;

Basic Features of the Constitution.

Preamble.

## **MODULE - II - Rights, Principles and Duties**

Fundamental Rights

Directive Principles of State Policy

Fundamental Duties

## **MODULE - III- Union Government**

Executive: The President, Vice President; Prime Minister and the Council of Ministers

Parliament: Composition and functions of Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha, Speaker, Committee System, Law Making Procedure and Procedure of Amendment.

Judiciary:- Supreme Court: Composition and Powers; Judicial Review, Judicial Activism

## **MODULE - IV- State Government:**

Governor: Powers and Functions.

High Court and the Subordinate Courts

### **Reading list**

#### **MODULE - I**

Dr. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Agency Alahabad. PP 11-13  
Mahindra Pal Sing, Constitution of India, Eastern Book Company Lucknow. PP A-9 - A-13  
BM Gandhi, Landmarks In Indian Legal And Constitutional History, Eastern Book Company.,PP 403-405

#### **MODULE -II**

Keshav Dayal, Makers of Indian Constitution, Universal Law Publishing Company, Delhi, PP 84-98  
Dr. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Agency Alahabad. PP 388-413  
DD Das, Introduction To The Constitution Of India, Lexis Nexis. PP 156-166

### **MODULE - III**

Dr. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Agency Alahabad. PP 414-473  
Dr . Lokendra Malik, Judicial Activism In India(ed), Universal Law Publishing Company,Delhi, PP 124-131  
DD Das, Introduction To The Constitution Of India,Lexis Nexis. PP 313-326

### **MODULE - IV**

SP Sathe, Judicial Activism In India, Oxford University Press. PP 25-63  
Granville Austin, The Indian Constituntion-Corner Stone Of A Nation, Oxford University

<b>SEMESTER- IV</b>
<b>CORE COURSE - IV</b>
<b>PS 1441</b>

## **DYNAMICS OF INDIAN POLITICS**

**Aim :** The major aim of the course is to impart knowledge about the actual working of the Indian Political system in a plural set up

.

### **Objectives:**

- To study the unique characteristics of the Indian federal system.
- To motivate the students to critically study the functioning of the constitution.
- To impart awareness about major issues in Indian Political system.

### **MODULE - I - Indian Federal System:**

Quasi-Federal, Co-operative Federalism

Center- State relations in the context of Unitarian federalism.

### **MODULE - II - Political Parties:**

National Parties; Regional Parties: definition and nature, Coalition Politics

Interest Groups and Pressure Groups: Role and functions.

Public Opinion and Mass Media

### **MODULE - III - Electoral System:**

Election Commission- Role and function.

Electoral reforms in India

### **MODULE - IV- Challenges to Indian Democracy:**

Casteism

Communalism

Regionalism

Corruption

Terrorism

Criminalisation of Politics

### **Reading list**

#### **MODULE -I**

Dr O P Sinha, Political Theory, Centrella Agency Allahabad. PP 339-375

ND Arora, Political Science, TATA McGRAW HILLS . PP 25.1-25.15

Dr D D Basu , Introduction to the Constitution of India(21<sup>st</sup> edn) Lexis Nexis. PP 55-62

J R Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government, Sterling Publishers New Delhi.

#### **MODULE - II**

J C Johari, Principles Of Modern Political Science, Stareling Publications New Delhi, PP 423-449

V M Sharma, The Republic of India- Constitution and Government, Asia Publishing House, PP 464-491

#### **MODULE - III**

Raisa Ali, Representative Democracy And Concept Of Free And Fair Elections, Deep and Deep Publications. PP 231-289

ND Arora, Political Science, TATA McGRAW HILLS . PP 24.1-24.3

N P Chaudhary, AK Ojha, Indian Democracy-Contemporary Challenges(ed) shipra Publications New Delhi PP 59-66

#### **MODULE -IV**

R C Agarwal, Indian Political System, S Chand And Co Ltd New Delhi. PP 48-119

Atul Kohli, The Success Of Indias Democracy, Cambridge University Press. PP 193-225

Dr Parmanand, New Dimensions In Indian Politics, UDH Publishers Delhi. PP 1-5

Rejani Kothari, Cast in Indian Politics, Orient Black Swan PP 3-26



<b>SEMESTER - IV</b>
<b>CORE COURSE - V</b>
<b>PS 1442</b>

## **INTRODUCTION TO COMPARATIVE POLITICS**

### **Aim:**

The course intends to highlight the theoretical evolution and approaches to the study of Comparative Politics

### **Objectives:**

- To impart skill to analyse in a comparative way political developments across world in the light of various theories.
- To familiarize the students basic features about the constitutions of major political systems.

### **MODULE - I**

Definition, nature and scope of comparative Politics - Evolution of comparative Politics , Modern Comparative politics- Focus on political phenomena and political systems.

### **MODULE -II**

Constitution and constitutionalism- Basic features or the constitutions of UK, USA, Switzerland, France and China

### **MODULE -III**

Comparing Federal and Unitary systems - USA, India, Switzerland, UK and China.  
Comparing different party systems in UK,USA, china and France

### **MODULE -IV**

Executive - Legislative - Judicial relationship - USA, UK, France - Judicial review, Rule of Law and Administrative law.

### **Reading list**

Almond and Powell, Compare Politics Today, Pearson Publications, New Delhi, 2005.

Larry Diamond and Lipset (eds), Democracy in Developing countries Vol I - IV Colarsdo, 1988.

Maheswari S.R., Comparative Government and Politics, Agra 2002.

Meyer, Lawrencem C, Redifining Comparative Politics, Sage, New Delhi, 2007

<b>SEMESTER - V</b>
<b>CORE COURSE -VI</b>
<b>PS 1541</b>

## **PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

### **Aim:**

The course is designed to inculcate a basic understanding of the fundamental principles of Public Administration

### **Objectives:**

- To create awareness about the basic pillars of Public Administration like Organisation, Personnel Administration, Financial Administration.
- To impart knowledge about Planning and its machinery.
- To create awareness about Citizen's defender mechanisms.
- 

### **MODULE- I. Introduction to Public Administration**

Nature, Scope and importance of Public Administration - Public Administration & Private Administration - Approaches to the Study of Public Administration - Comparative, Ecological and Public Choice- New Public Administration.

### **MODULE - II.**

#### **(A) Organisation**

Principles of Organisation - Hierarchy, Span of Control - Unity of Command - Delegation - Co-ordination - Centralisation and Decentralisation.

(B) Units of Organisation - Chief Executive - Administrative Functions of CE, Line, Staff and Auxiliary agencies - Line Agencies - Department - Bases (4 p's) of Departmental Organisation - Public Corporation and Independent Regulatory Commission.

### **MODULE - III- Personal Administration**

Human Resource Management - Its importance, merits and demerits.

Bureaucracy - Meaning - Max Weber on Bureaucracy.

Recruitment - Problems of recruitment - Methods of recruitment - Recruitment Agency (UPSC).

Training - Kinds of Training and methods of Training.

#### **MODULE- IV- Financial Administrations**

Administration - Budgetary process in India - Preparation - Enactment and Execution of Budget - Role of Controller and Auditor General - Audit

#### **MODULE V. -New Trends in Public Administration**

Development Administration - Good Governance - Planning (Niti Ayog)

#### **Reading List**

##### **MODULE- I**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.
- Marx, F.M, (1946), Elements of Public Administration, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, R. (2014). *Public Administration: Concepts and Theories*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt Ltd.
- Appleby, Paul. H., (1949) Policy and Administration, United States, University of Alabama Press.
- Aggarwal, U.C., (ed), (2003) Public Administration - Vision & Reality, IIPA Golden Jubilee Publication, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration.
- Basu, Rumki, Public Administration - Concepts and Theories, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.

##### **MODULE - II**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, Public Administration - Concepts and Theories, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.

##### **MODULE - III**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.

- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.
- Jyothi, P., & Venkatesh, D. N. (2006). *Human Resource Management* New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Mutsuddi, I. (2010). *Essentials of Human Resource Management*. New Delhi: New Age Internation PVT LTD.
- Ivancevich, J. M. (2008). *Human Resource Management*. New Delhi: Tata Mc GrawHills Publishing Company Ltd.
- Goel, S. (1999). *Personnel Administration and Management: Concepts and Techniques*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers Distributers.
- C S Venkat Ratnam, & Srivasthava, B. K. (1991). *Personnel Management and Human Resources* New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- Ahmed, F. (Ed.) (1995). *Bureaucracy and Development Administration*. New Delhi: Manak Publications Pvt Ltd.
- Dhariwal, S., & Parnami, K. K. (2007). *Training, Civil Services and Personnel Administration*. New Delhi: Rawat Publishers.
- Kingsley, Donald.J,(1942), Recruiting applications for the Public Service - A report submitted by the Committee on recruitment for the Public Service, United States

#### **MODULE - IV**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.
- Parashar, P. (1997). *Public Administration in the Developed World*. New Delhi: Sarup and Sons
- Srivasthara K.S, (2007), *Public Administration in India*, New Delhi, APH Publishing Corporation

#### **MODULE - V**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.

- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.
- Chakrabarthy, B., & Chand, P. (2012). *Public Administration in a Globalising World: Theories and Practices*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Mathur, K. (Ed.) (1996). *Development Policy and Administration*. New Delhi: Sage Publishers.
- Sapru, R. K. (2007). *Public Policy Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Hazary, Narayan, (2005), *Development Administration*, New Delhi, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation
- Roy, Jayatilak Guha, (2006), *Right to Information: Initiatives and Impact -*, New Delhi, Indian Institute of public Administration.
- Gajanan, R. P., & Sharma, A. (2011). *Public Administration: Today and Tomorrow*. New Delhi, Crescent Publishing Company.

<b>SEMESTER -V</b>
<b>CORE COURSE -VII</b>
<b>PS 1542</b>

## **ANCIENT AND MEDIEVAL POLITICAL THOUGHT**

### **Aim :**

To familiarize the Ideas of ancient and medieval political thinkers.

### **Objectives :**

- To build in the minds of students an overall outlook about political thought.
- To study about the relevance of ancient and modern political thought in the modern world.

### **MODULE -I - Greek political Thought**

Greek political community and institutions  
 Plato - Theory of justice  
 Aristotle - Theory of state and government, revolution  
 Characteristics of Greek Political Thought

### **MODULE -II-Roman Political Thought**

Development of Roman Political Ideas  
 Cicero - Contribution to Legal system  
 Poybius and Seneca - political ideas

Contributions of Rome to Political Theory

### **MODULE -III-Ancient Indian Political Thought**

Sources of Ancient Indian Political thought - Varna System - Purusharthas and Rajadharma

Kautilya - Saptanga Theory, Mandala theory

### **MODULE IV- Medieval Political Thought**

Contributions of early Church Fathers \_ St. Augustine

Nature of Medieval Political Thought

Contributions of St. Thomas Aquinas and Dante

Machiavelli - Political Realism

Contributions of Jean Bodin and Hugo Grotius on Sovereignty

### **Reading list**

#### **Module I**

Aristotle. (2008). *politics*. New York: Cosimo Classics.

Balot, R. K. (2008). *Greek Political Thought*. New Jersey: John Wiley & Sons.

Lee, E. N. (1983). Plato's Theory of Social Justice in Republic 2-4. In J. P. John P. Anton, *Essays in Ancient Greek Philosophy III: Plato* (pp. 117-140). Albany: State university of New York Press.

Murray, A. R. (2010). Aristotle's Theory of Best Possible State. In A. R. Murray, *An Introduction to Political Philosophy* (pp. 37-46). New York: Routledge.

Stauffer, D. (2001). *Plato's Introduction to the Question of Justice*. Albany: State university of New York Press.

#### **Module II**

Canning, J. (2014). *A History of Medieval Political Thought: 300–1450*. London: Routledge,.

Oakeshott, M. (2011). *Lectures in the History of Political Thought*. London: Andrews UK Limited.

S. Mukherjee, S. R. (2002). *Jean Bodin and Hugo Grotius: Great Western Political Thinkers*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.

Strauss, L. (1978). *Thoughts on Machiavelli*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.

#### **Module III**

Boesche, R. (2003). *The First Great Political Realist: Kautilya and His Arthashastra*. New York: Lexington Books.

Brown, D. m. (1959). *Indian Political Thought: From Manu to Gandhi*. Berkeley: University of California Press.

Urmila Sharma, S. S. (2001). *Indian Political Thought*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.,

**Module IV**

Hammer, D. (2014). *Roman Political Thought: From Cicero to Augustine*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Jayapalan, N. (2001). *Comprehensive History of Political Thought*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

Sabine, G. H. (1973). *A History of Political Theory*. New Delhi: Oxford and IBH Publishing.

<b>SEMESTER -V</b>
<b>CORE COURSE -VIII</b>
<b>PS 1543</b>

**INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS****Aim:**

The course seeks to equip the students with the basic concepts, theories, ideologies and approaches to the study of International Relations.

**Objectives:**

- To familiarize the changing nature of power relations.
- To make an understanding about issues in global politics.

**MODULE-I** : Emergence of International Politics as a Discipline.

Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics.

Major Actors- State System and Non State Actors

National Power, Balance of Power in the Present Global Scenario.

**MODULE - II-** Approaches to the Study of International Politics

Idealism Vs Realism, Neo-Liberalism, Systems Theory, World System Theory, Constructivism, Critical Theory.

**MODULE - III-** Foreign Policy and Diplomacy:

National Interest and Foreign Policy-with special reference to India's

Foreign

Policy. Traditional and Modern Diplomacy, International Law.

Module IV- International Organization:

Role of U.N. in Maintaining International Peace and Security-

Pacific Settlement of Disputes, Collective Security.

Regional Organizations- E.U., SAARC, ASEAN, SCO, BRIC.

**MODULE - V-Issues in Global Politics:**

Terrorism, Environmental Issues, Globalization, Nuclear Proliferation,  
Energy Crisis, Food Crisis.

**Reading List**

**Module-1**

Anne Peters, L. K. (2009). *Non-State Actors as Standard Setters*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

GHOSH, P. (2013). *INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS*. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Keersmaecker, G. D. (2017). *Polarity, Balance of Power and International Relations Theory: Post-Cold War and the 19th Century Compared*. Ghent: Palgrave.

Morgenthau, H. J. (1993). *Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace*. New York: McGraw-Hill.

Reinalda, D. B. (2013). *The Ashgate Research Companion to Non-State Actors*. Farnham: Ashgate Publishing, Ltd.

Tellis, A. J. (2001). *Measuring National Power in the Postindustrial Age*. Santa Monica: Rand Corporation.

Waltz, K. N. (2010). *Theory of International Politics*. Illinois: Waveland Press.

**Module-2**

Daddow, O. (2009). *International Relations Theory*. New Delhi: SAGE.

Harvey, D. (2007). *A Brief History of Neoliberalism*. oxford: OUP Oxford.

Kissinger, H. (2014). *World Order: Reflections on the Character of Nations and the Course of History*. London: Penguin UK.

Siegfried Schieder, M. S. (2014). *Theories of International Relations*. New York: Routledge.

Walter Carlsnaes, T. R. (2012). *Handbook of International Relations*. New Delhi: Sage.

**Module-3**

Appadorai, A. (1992). *National interest and India's foreign policy*. New Delhi: Kalinga Publications.



David Armstrong, T. F. (2012). *International Law and International Relations*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Griffiths, M. (1995). *Realism, Idealism and International Politics: A Reinterpretation*. London: Routledge.

Jayapalan, N. (2001). *Foreign Policy of India*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

Jervis, R. (1976). *Perception and Misperception in International Politics*. New Jersey: Princeton University Press.

Kumar, S. (2010). *In the National Interest: A Strategic Foreign Policy for India*. New Delhi: Business Standard Books.

#### **Module-4**

Chatterjee, A. (New Delhi). *International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications*. 2010: Pearson.

Karen A. Mingst, M. P. (2016). *The United Nations in the 21st Century*. Boulder: Westview Press.

Shannon L. Blanton, C. W. (2017). *World Politics: Trend and Transformation, 2016 - 2017*. Boston: Cengage Learning.

#### **Module 5**

Ahmed, N. M. (2017). *Failing States, Collapsing Systems: BioPhysical Triggers of Political Violence*. Cambridge: Springer.

Brooks, R. (2016). *How Everything Became War and the Military Became Everything: Tales from the Pentagon*. New York: Simon and Schuster.

D'Anieri, P. (2016). *International Politics: Power and Purpose in Global Affairs*. Boston: Cengage Learning.

Nacos, B. L. (2016). *Terrorism and Counterterrorism*. New York: Routledge.

Steve Lamy, J. M. (2016). *Introduction to Global Politics*. New York: Oxford University Press.

<b>SEMESTER -V</b>
<b>CORE COURSE-IX</b>
<b>PS 1544</b>

## **RESEARCH METHODS IN POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Aim:** The course intend to familiarize the students with the research methods in Political Science

**Objective:**

- To enable for the practical use of students in their Project/Dissertation in the Sixth Semester.
- To identify the different methods and techniques applicable to Political Science Research.

### **MODULE-I:**

- What is research?-Social Research
- Nature and significance of research in Political Science
- Types of Research- Fundamental and Applied Research, Action Research
- Qualitative and Quantitative Research
- Research Process (Steps involved in research)

### **MODULE-II:**

- Developing and Formulating Research Problem
- Review of Literature-importance
- Research questions/Objectives
- Concepts and Variables-Types
- Hypothesis-Types-Characteristics-Function
- Research Design-Components-Types
- Synopsis Writing (Students can prepare a synopsis as assignment at the end of Semester)
- Method of Research in political science- Survey method and case study method

### **MODULE-III:**

- Sources of data (Primary and Secondary)
- Methods of primary data collection-Observation, Interview, Questionnaire, Document analysis
- Sources of Secondary data-Precautions in the collection of secondary data
- Sampling-Relevance and types of sampling-Probability and non-probability sampling techniques

#### **MODULE-IV:**

- Data Processing and Analysis-Editing, Coding, Classification and Tabulation
- Quantitative and Qualitative analysis-Testing of hypothesis
- Report writing-Structure of report-Style and format
- Citation and referencing styles ( American Psychological Association (APA), Modern Language Association (MLA))

#### **Reading List**

- Thakur, Devendra, Research Methodology in Social Science, Deep and Deep Publishing, New Delhi 1998.
- Young Pauline V and Calvin F Schmidt, Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Prentice Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 2001, 4th Edn.
- Dwivedi R S, Research Methods in Behavioural Science, Mac Millan India Ltd. New Delhi, 1997.
- Agnihotri V, Techniques of Social Research, M. N. Publishers, New Delhi, 1980.
- Jayapalan N., Research Methods in Political Science, Atlantic Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2000.
- Pennings Paul (et al.), Doing Research in Political Science, Sage Publications, New Delhi 1999.
- Ghosh B. N., Scientific Method and Social Research, Sterling Publishers Pvt Ltd New Delhi, 1987, 4th Edn.
- Johnson, JB and Richard Joslyn, A Political Science Research Methods, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, 1989.
- Kumar Ranjit, Research Methodology, A step by Step Guide for Beginners, Sage New Delhi, 1999.

<b>SEMESTER- V</b>
<b>CORE COURSE -X</b>
<b>PS 1545</b>

#### **HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA**

##### **Aim:**

The course is intended to high light the concept of Human Rights, its evolution and importance in our society.

**Objectives:**

- To make an understand about various rights, including political, civil, social, economic and cultural rights
- To familiarize the Human rights condition in India including constitutional provisions
- To equip with the students the skills to evaluate the Human Rights enforcement methods.

**MODULE - I -Human Rights: Concept and Significance**

- A. Evolution of Human rights
- B. Nature of Human Rights.
- C. Approaches –Liberal, Marxian and Third world

**MODULE - II -U.N. and Human rights**

- A. UDHR
- B. ICCPR, ICESCR
- C. Millennium Development Declaration

**MODULE - III- Human Rights In India**

- A. NHRC, SHRC – Organisation Powers and Functions
- B. Role of judiciary –writs judicial activism Human Rights courts, Police and Human rights.
- C. NGOs in Human Rights

**MODULE IV-Human Rights Issues in India.**

Human Rights of socially excluded groups-

Dalits, Women, Children, economically weaker, LGBT

**Reading list**

- Begum, Syed Mehartaj. (2000). Human Rights in India: Issues and Perspectives. New Delhi: APH Publishing.
- Bhaimali, Anil. (2005). Poverty and Human Rights of Women. New Delhi: Serials Publications.
- Brijesh, Babu. (2010). Human Rights and Social Justice. New Delhi: Global Publications.
- Brown, Gordon (2016). The Universal Declaration of Human Rights in the 21st Century: A Living Document in a Changing World, A report by the Global Citizenship Commission, NYU Global Institute for Advanced Studies, Open Book Publishers.

- Chopra, Geeta. (2015). *Child Rights in India: Challenges and Social Action*. New Delhi: Springer.
- Clapham, Andrew. (2015). *Human Rights: A Very Short Introduction*, Second Edition. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Das, Asishkumar & Prasantkumar, Mohanty. (2007). *Human Rights in India*. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.
- Deshta, Sunil & Singh, Partap. (2004). *Human Rights in India: Enforcement, Protection and Implementation*. Faridabad: Allahabad Law Agency.
- Farced, Kazai. (1987). *Human Rights: Myth and Reality*. New Delhi: International Publishing House.
- Freeman, Michael. (2011). *Human Rights: An Interdisciplinary Approach*, Second Edition. Cambridge: Polity.
- Gupta, Uma. (1988). *Supreme Court & Civil Liberties*. Delhi: Mittal Publications.
- Iyer V.R. Krishna. (1999). *The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Rights in India: Yesterday, Today and Tomorrow*. Calcutta: Eastern Law House.
- Jadhav, P.B. (2010). *Dalits and Human Rights: Emerging Scenario*. Jaipur: Vital Publications.
- Jayapalan, N. (2000). *Human Rights*, New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers.
- Joanna, Kerr. (1993). *Ours by Right: Women's Rights as Human Rights*. London: Zed Books.
- Kazai, Farced. (1987). *Human Rights: Myth and Reality*. New Delhi: International Publishing House.
- Khanna, S.K. (1998). *Children and Human Rights*. New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers.
- Khanna, D.P. (2001). *Reforming Human Rights*. New Delhi: Manas.
- Khare, Subhas Chandra. (1977). *Human Rights and UN*. New Delhi: Metropoliton Books
- Langford, Malcolm & et.al. (2013). *Millennium Development Goals and Human Rights*. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Landman, Todd. (2006). *Studying Human Rights*. Abington: Routledge.
- Lauren, Paul Gordong. (2011). *The Evolution of International Human Rights: Visions Seen*, Third Edition. Pennsylvania: University of Pennsylvania Press.
- Macfarlane, L.J. (1985). *The Theory and Practice of Human Rights*. London: Maurice Temple South.
- Mahmood, Monshipouri & et.al. (2015). *Constructing Human Rights in the Age of Globalization*. Abington: Routledge.
- Majumder, Chandrika Basu & Pradhan, Ramakrishna. (2014). *Women's Rights as Human Rights in India: Problems and Paradoxes*. New Delhi: Axis Books.
- Mehta, P. L. & Verma, Neena (1999), *Human Rights under the Indian Constitution: The Philosophy and Judicial Gerrymandering*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.
- Michael J., Perry. (1998). *The Idea of Human Rights: Four Inquiries*. New York: OUP.
- Manindranath, Deka Swapna. (2015). *Judicial Activism in Post-Emergency Era*. Chennai: Notion Press.
- Nair, Sukumaran P. (2011). *Human Rights in a Changing World*. New Delhi: Kalpaz Publications.
- O'Byrne, Darren J. (2014). *Human Rights: An Introduction*. Abington: Routledge.

- Prabhash, J. (2005). Mediated Rights: Media, Women and Human Rights In India, The Indian Journal of Political Science, Vol. 66, No. 1 (Jan.-March, 2005), pp. 53-74
- Prachi, Shirur & Shirur, Srinivas. (2007). Education, Child Labour and NGO's. Delhi: Shipra Publication.
- Priyam, Manisha & et.al. (2009). Human Rights, Gender and the Environment. New Delhi: Pearson Education India.
- Promila, Mahajan Chand. (2006). Status of Child Labour. New Delhi: Adhyayan Publishers & Distributors.
- Rachna, Suchinmayee. (2008). Gender, Human Rights and Environment. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Distributors.
- Rao, Venketeswara D. (2004). Child Rights: A Perspective on International and National Law, New Delhi: Manak Publication.
- Rathod, P. B. (2007). Focus on Human Rights. Jaipur: ADB Publishers.
- Ray, Arun. (2003), National Human Rights Commission of India: Formation, Functioning, and Future Prospects. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers.
- Reilly, Niamh. (2009). Women's Human Rights. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- Saksena, Anu. (2004). Gender and Human Rights. New Delhi: Shipra Publications.
- Samel, Swapna H. (2006). Rights of Dalit. Delhi: Serials Publications.
- Sastry, T.S.N. (2005). India and Human Rights: Reflections. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
- Sathe, Satyaranjan Purushottam. (2002). Judicial Activism in India. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Satyasthi, Kailash & Zatschi, Bupindu. (2006). Globalisation, Development and Child Rights, New Delhi: Shipra Publications.
- Sengal, B.P.S. (2000). Human Rights in India, Problems and Perspective. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.
- Sharma, Brij Kishore. (2010). Universal Declaration of Human Rights and Indian Law. New Delhi: PHI Learning Private Limited.
- Shinde, Prem K. (2005). Dalits and Human Rights. New Delhi: ISHA Books.
- Singh, B.P. (2008). Human Rights in India, Problems and Perspectives. New Delhi: Deep and Deep.
- Yadav, Surya & Baghel, Indu. (2009). Human Rights in the 21st Century. New Delhi: Jamamda Prakasam.

<b>SEMESTER -VI</b>
---------------------

<b>CORE COURSE -XI</b>
------------------------

<b>PS 1641</b>
----------------

**MODERN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

**Aim:**

The course is intended to provide a detailed understanding about modern political thought.

**Objectives:**

- To equip the student to develop their own ideas about various political and social issues.
- To attempt a comparative study of eastern and western political thought,

**MODULE - I : The Contractualists**

Thomas Hobbes - Human Nature - State and sovereignty -Individualism

John Locke - Social Contract - Theory on Natural Right - Contribution to Liberal

Rousseau - Social Contract-- General will

**MODULE - II : Utilitarianism and Idealism**

Contributions of Jermy Bentham and J.S. Mill

Hegel - On Freedom Civil Society and State

**MODULE - III : Socialist Thought**

Contributions of Karl Marx

Gramsci - Civil Society - Theory of Hegemony

**MODULE - IV : Theories and Functions of State**

Edmund Burke - Conservative ideas

Laski - Political Pluralism

**MODULE - V : Modern Indian Political Thought**

Mahatma Gandhi - Non violence critique of modern civilization - Satyagraha as method of conflict resolution - Ethics and Politics - ideal society

M.N. Roy - Radical Humanism Ambedkar - Social Justice

**Reading list**

**Module-1**

Chaurasia, R. s. (2001). *History of Western Political Thought* (Vol. 2). New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

Hull, G. (2011). *Hobbes and the Making of Modern Political Thought*. New York: Bloomsbury Publishing.

John Locke, C. B. (1980). *Second Treatise of Government*. Cambridge: Hackett Publishing.

Jones, T. (2012). *Modern Political Thinkers and Ideas: An Historical Introduction*. London: Routledge.

Williams, D. L. (2014). *Rousseau's Social Contract: An Introduction*. New York: Cambridge University Press.

**Module-2**

Miller, D. E. (2010). *John Stuart Mill: Moral, Social, and Political Thought*. Cambridge: Polity Press.

Parekh, B. (2013). *Jeremy Bentham: Ten Critical Essays*. New York: Routledge.

Patten, A. (1999). *Hegel's Idea of Freedom*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

Pelczynski, Z. A. (1984). *The State and Civil Society: Studies in Hegel's Political Philosophy*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Urmila Sharma, S. S. (1998). *Western Political Thought*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

**Module-3**

Callinicos, A. (2012). *The Revolutionary Ideas of Karl Marx*. Chicago: Haymarket Books.

Fonseca, M. (2016). *Gramsci's Critique of Civil Society: Towards a New Concept of Hegemony*. New York: Routledge.

Holt, J. P. (2014). *The Social Thought of Karl Marx*. Singapore: SAGE Publications.

Marx, K. (2013). *The Communist Manifesto*. New York: Simon and Schuster.

White, J. (1996). *Karl Marx and the Intellectual Origins of Dialectical Materialism*. London: Macmillan Press Ltd.

**Module-4**

Chaurasia, R. (2003). *History of Political Thought*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

Kirk, R. (1967). *Edmund Burke: A Genius Reconsidered*. New York: Open Road Media.

Laski, H. J. (2014). *A Grammar of Politics (Works of Harold J. Laski)*. New York: Routledge.

Mukherjee, S. (1995). *Edmund Burke: (1729-1797)*. New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.

Muniz-Fraticelli, V. M. (2014). *The Structure of Pluralism*. Oxford: Oxford University Press.

**Module-5**

Chandra, P. (1992). *Political Philosophy Of M.N. Roy*. New Delhi: Sarup & Sons.

Jayapalan, N. (2000). *Indian Political Thinkers: Modern Indian Political Thought*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

Padhy, K. S. (2011). *INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT*. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Sundem, G. (2014). *TIME Magazine Biography--Mohandas Gandhi*. New York: Teacher Created Materials.

Urmila Sharma, S. S. (2001). *Indian Political Thought*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.



<b>SEMESTER -VI</b>
<b>CORE COURSE -XII</b>
<b>PS 1642</b>

## **STATE AND SOCIETY IN KERALA**

### **Aim:**

The course intended to provide a comprehensive analysis of the socio-political structure of Kerala

### **Objectives:**

- To familiarize the students with the state and social structure of Kerala
- To make a detailed analysis of the socio-political evolution of the state of Kerala
- To equip the students to analyze the key issues in the state and society in Kerala

## **MODULE - I**

### **Social Reform Movements**

Colonial Modernity and Social Reform Movements: Narayana Guru, Ayyankali, Poykayil Appachan, Pandit Karuppan, Mannathu Padmanabhan, VT Bhatathiripadu, Vakkom Moulavi

## **MODULE - II**

### **Political Transformation**

Political Parties and Trade Unionism

Communist Movements in Kerala: First Communist Government (1957-59) and 'Vimochana Samaram.'

Civil society in Kerala

## **MODULE -III**

### **Castism and Communalism in Kerala**

Caste based assertions: positive and negative aspects

Communal violence and Political Parties

Communalization of secular space

State and extremist organisations in the emerged scenario

## **MODULE -IV**

### **Problems of economic growth**

Globalization and Agricultural sector in Kerala

Kerala Model of Development: strength and weakness

Decentralization and development: new initiatives

ICT and development: E-governance

### **Reading list**

#### **MODULE-I**

P.K. Balakrishnan: 'Narayana Guru,' (Malayalam), Kottayam: DC Books

Rajayyan K (1976): 'Sree Narayana Guru and Social Reform,' *Journal of Kerala Studies*, Vol. III, pp. 43-44

Sreedhara Menon A. (1987): 'Kerala History and its Makers.'

Meena Kandhasami (2007): Ayyankali: A Dalit leader of Organic Protest, Kozhikode: Other Books

T.H.P Chentharaserri (1983): 'Poykayil Kumara Gurudevan,' Navodhanam Publications (Malayalam)

Filippo Osella and Caroline Osella (2008): 'Islam and Social Reform in Kerala,' *Modern Asian Studies*, Vol. 42, No.2-3, pp. 317-46.

#### **MODULE-II**

Georges Kristofel Lieten (1979): 'Progressive state governments: An assessment of first communist ministry in Kerala' *EPW*, Vol.14, No.1, pp. 29-39

T.T. Sreekumar (2007): 'Civil Society and the Left,' Kerala: Olive

#### **MODULE-III**

John Oommen (1995): 'Politics of Communalism in Kerala,' *EPW*, Vol.30, No.11, pp. 544-47

#### **MODULE-IV**

Thomas Isaac and Michael Tharakan (1995): 'Kerala towards a new Agenda,' *EPW*, Vol.31, No.31-32, pp. 1993-2004

Michael Tharakan (1995): 'Social Change in Kerala,' *India International Center Quarterly*, Vol.22, No.2-3, pp. 215-224

### **Further Readings**

Mohan Gopalan Gopal (2000): 'Lessons from Kerala Social Reform movement led by Narayana Guru,' *American Society of International law (Proceedings)*, Vol.94, pp.308-9

P.F. Gopakumar (Ed) (2015): *Faces of Social Reform in Kerala; Essays in honor of Dr. S. Sivadasan.*

Kunnukuzhi S Mani and Anirudhan (2013): 'Mahatma Ayyankali,' Kottayam: DC Books

<b>SEMESTER -VI</b>
<b>CORE COURSE</b>
<b>PS : 1643</b>

## **DECENTRALISATION AND PARTICIPATORY DEMOCRACY**

### **Aim :**

The course intends to provide a detailed understanding about democratic decentralization, participatory governance with emphasis on India and Kerala

### **Objectives :**

- To impart knowledge about tools of participatory democracy
- To inculcate skills for capacity building activities in local self governing institutions.

### **MODULE - I : THEORETICAL PERSPECTIVES OF DECENTRALISATION**

- A. Decentralisation: meaning and importance,
- B. Dimensions of Decentralisation- Functional, Financial, administrative and Political.
- C. Various perspectives of Decentralisation– Liberal, Gandhian.
- D. Types of Decentralization- Decentralization, devolution, delegation.

### **MODULE - II - PARTICIPATORY DEMOCRACY**

- A. Meaning and importance
- B. Participatory Planning.

### **MODULE - III – DECENTRALISED ADMINISTRATION IN INDIA**

- A. Evolution –Belvanth Ray Mehta Committee, Asok Mehta Committee
- B. New Panchayathi raj and Nagarapalika Institutions (73<sup>rd</sup> and 74<sup>th</sup> Amendments)  
-organisation – Structure and Functions

### **MODULE - IV – GRASS ROOT DEMOCRACY AT WORK –**

- A. Grama Sabha– Peoples planning in Kerala, Social Audit-Self Help Groups  
–Kudumbasree – Ayalkoottam.

### **Reading list**

Anthony L Hall (2004), Social Policy for Development, New Delhi: Sage  
Baviskar B B (2009), Inclusion and Exclusion in Local Governance, New Delhi: Sage  
Jah SNS (1991), Decentralisation and Local Politics, New Delhi: Sage  
Joseph T M (2007), Local Governance in India, Concept  
Girish Kumar (2006), Local Democracy in India, New Delhi: Sage  
Gupta D N (2004), Decentralisation: Need for Reforms, Concept  
Hoshier Singh (2000), Local Governance: Concepts and Networks, Jaipur: RBSA  
Isac Thomas T M and Richard Franke (2000), Local Democracy and Development, New Delhi: Left word.

<b>SEMESTER - VI</b>
<b>CORE COURSE - XIV</b>
<b>PS 1644</b>

### **NEW SOCIAL MOVEMENTS**

#### **Aim:**

The course intended to offer a broad perspective on power and resistance in the era of neoliberal globalisation

#### **Objectives:**

- To equip the students to understand the dynamics of social conflicts, activism and social change
- To familiarize contemporary social movements in the civil society with an emphasis on the movements by the marginalized sections in the era of neoliberal globalization

### **MODULE - I**

#### **Major Debates and Theories**

Old Social Movements and New Social Movements: What is 'New' about New Social Movements?

Marxian approach on Social Movements, Postmodernism and New Social Movements, New Social Movements theories

### **MODULE - II**

#### **State, Civil Society and New Social Movements**

State and Civil Society under neoliberal globalization  
NGO's and New Social Movements

Civil Society, New Social Movements and Democracy

### **MODULE - III**

#### **Gender and New Social Movements**

Understanding Patriarchy

Women's Movements: Black feminism in US, Dalit feminism in India

LGBTQ (Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, transgender and Queer) Social Movements

### **MODULE - IV**

#### **Dalit/Tribal Movements**

Land Struggle in Kerala: Muthanga, Chengara, Aripa and Standing Struggle

### **MODULE - V**

#### **Other Movements in the Civil Society**

Anti-Nuke Movements: Koodamkulam Struggle

Anti-Posco struggle

Anti-corruption Movements in India: Anna Hazare

#### **Reading List:**

#### **MODULE-I**

Steven M. Buechler (1995): 'New Social Movement Theories,' *The Sociological Quarterly*, Vol 36, No.3, pp. 441-464

T.R. Young (1999): 'Marxism and New Social Movements: Theory and Practice for Social Justice,' *Contemporary Sociology*, Vol.28. No.3. pp.268-70

Joel F. Handler (1992): 'Postmodernism, Protest, and the New Social Movements,' *Law and Society Review*, Vol.26, No.4, pp.697-732

#### **MODULE-II**

Neera Chandhoke (1995): 'State and Civil Society: Explorations in Political Theory,' New Delhi: Sage

Ranjita Mohanty (2002): 'Civil Society and NGO's,' *The Indian Journal of Political Science*, Vol.63. No.2/3, pp.213-232

Sarah Joseph (2007): 'Neoliberal Reforms and Democracy in India,' *EPW*, Vol.42. No.31. pp. 3213-28

#### **MODULE-III**

Sarbani Guha Ghosal (2005): 'Major trends of feminism in India,' *Indian Journal of Political Science*, Vol. 66, No.4, pp.793-812

Radhika Govinda (2006): 'The Politics of the Marginalized: Dalits and Women's activism in India,' *Gender and Development*, Vol.14, No.2, pp.181-190

Brandie Balken (2016): 'Landscape of the Movement,' *Humboldt Journal of Social Relations*, Vol.38, pp.8-11

#### **MODULE-IV**

Bijoy, C.R (1999): 'Adivasis Betrayed: Adivasi Land Rights in Kerala,' *EPW*, Vol. 34, No. 22 (May 29 - Jun. 4, 1999), pp. 1329-1335

K.T. Rammohan (2008): 'Caste and landlessness in Kerala: Signals from Chengara,' *EPW*, Vol.43, No.37, pp.14-16

C.K. Viswanath (1997): 'Adivasis: Protesting Land Alienation,' *EPW*, Vol.32, No.32. pp. 2016

C.R. Bijoy and K. Ravi Raman (2003): 'Muthanga: The real Story: Adivasi movement to recover land' *EPW*, Vol. 38, No.2, pp. 1975-1977+1979-1982

#### **MODULE-V**

V.T. Padmanabhan (1989): 'Broad Based Campaign,' *EPW*, Vol.24, No.43, p.2398

Saroj Giri (2011): 'The Anti-corruption Movement and its false divides,' *EPW*, Vol.46, No. 26

B. Mohanan Pillai and P.M. Joshy (2012): 'Old Elite are Co-opted, Subdued or Oppressed?: The Politics of Anti-corruption Crusade in India in Perspective,' *Indian Journal of Public Administration*, pp. 1-14.

#### **Further Readings**

Ponna Wignaraja (1993): *New Social Movements in the South: Empowering the People*, New Delhi: Vistar

Rajendra Singh (2001): 'Social Movements Old and New: A Postmodernist Critique', New Delhi: Sage India

Stanley Aronowitz (1989): 'Postmodernism and Politics,' *Social Text*, No.21, pp.46-62

<b>SEMESTER - VI</b>
<b>OPEN COURSE - II (ELECTIVE)</b>
<b>PS 1651.1</b>

### **GLOBALISATION AND INDIAN POLITICAL SYSTEMS**

#### **Aim:**

To equip the students to understand the principles and practice of the programme of globalisation and its impact in India.

#### **Objectives:**

- To impart knowledge about the new global Order with special emphasize on India.
- To create awareness about the impact of globalisation on the life of the people of India.

#### **MODULE -I: INTRODUCTION**

- A. Globalisation- Evolution, nature and definition.
- B. Neo-liberal agenda ( Uruguay Round, GATT, WTO, World Bank, IMF)

#### **MODULE -II - INDIA AND GLOBALISATION**

- A. Nehruvian Model of development (Centralised planning, Mixed economy, Public Sector, Poverty alleviation and agrarian development)
- B. Post Nehruvian Political economy perspective (from Welfaresm to Economic growth- 1964 to 1991)

#### **MODULE - III : GLOBALIZATION AND CHANGING POLITICS IN INDIA.**

- A. Redefined role of governments in India in the context of global governance since 1991.(UPA and NDA)

#### **MODULE-IV: IMPACTS OF GLOBALISATION ON INDIAN SOCIETY.**

- A. Global commitment V/s National sovereignty.
- B. Market centric strategy V/s Social Security provisions of constitution. (Food security, environmental security, jobless growth, decline of agriculture and primary sector and rising social divide.)

#### **Reading list**

##### **MODULE-I**

1. Talwar, Sabanna (2008), WTO and Indian Economic Reforms, Serials publications, New Delhi.
2. Scholte, JanArt (2005), Globalisation: A Critical Introduction, Palgrave, New Delhi.
3. Kuoshik Basu(2008), The Retreat of Democracy and Other Itinerant Essays on Globalisation- Economics and India, Permanent Black, New Delhi.
4. A.Mohanakumar and Sreejith.A (2016), (eds.), Globalisation, State and Democracy in India, Serials Publications, New Delhi.

##### **MODULE-II**

1. Upendra Bhakshi and Bhikhu Prakash (1995), Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
2. Bampuri, C.P (2007), The Indian State and Political Process, Shipra publications, New Delhi.
3. J. Prabhash (2016) in, A. Mohanakumar and Sreejith. A (eds.), Globalisation State and Democracy in India, Serials Publications, New Delhi.
4. Shaji Varky (2016), Neo liberalism and Welfare: Some Theoretical Issues, in, A. Mohanakumar and Sreejith. A (eds.) ibid.

##### **MODULE -III**

1. Suresh R,(2016), Political Dimensions of Globalisation: A Human Rights Perspective, in A. Mohanakumar and Sreejith. A (eds.) ibid.
2. Jos Moodu (2005), The Politics of Economic Reforms in India, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
3. Sudipta Kaviraj, The Imagining Institutions of India- Politics and Ideas, Permanent Black, New Delhi.

##### **MODULE -IV**

1. Upendra Baxi and Bhikku prakash (1995) Crisis and Change in Contemporary India, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
2. Amartyasen and Jean Dreaze (2006) Indian Economic Development and Social Opportunity, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

3. J. Prabhsh and A. Mohanakumar (2017), State Globalisation and Agrarian Situation in Kerala, in C. Vinod (ed.), Democracy, Politics and Economic Development, New Century Publications, New Delhi

<b>SEMESTER - VI</b>
<b>OPEN COURSE - II (ELECTIVE)</b>
<b>PS 1651.2</b>

## **INTRODUCTION TO PUBLIC POLICY ANALYSIS**

### **Aim:**

To equip students to find solutions to practical problems which are brought to the agenda of government.

### **Objectives:**

- To familiarize the actual situations of Public Policy formulation.
- To create awareness about the determinants of public policy.

### **MODULE-I**

Meaning, nature and scope of public policy

Lasswell's policy approach and Easton's model of Policy analysis

### **MODULE -II**

Determinants of public policy-Socio-Cultural Milieu, Development-Ideology and Environment

### **MODULE -III**

Formulation of Public Policy- Various agencies- Political parties, Legislature, Bureaucracy, Pressure groups, Civil society, NGO's, Media

- Policy formulation
- Policy implementation
- Policy evaluation

### **MODULE -IV**

Privatisation, Liberalisation, Globalisation and Public Policy

### **Reading list**



### **MODULE-I**

1. Rumki Basu; Public administration Concepts and theories; Sterling 2012, New Delhi
2. RK.Sapru; Public Policy; PHI learning Private limited; New Delhi; 2013.
3. Prabir Kumar De; Public policy and systems; ICFAI, Pearson

### **MODULE-II**

1. Rumki Basu; Public administration Concepts and theories; Sterling 2012, New Delhi
2. Prabir Kumar De; Public policy and systems; ICFAI, Pearson 2012

### **MODULE-III**

1. RK. Sapru; Public policy- Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation; Sterling 2014, New Delhi
2. Prabir Kumar De; Public policy and systems; ICFAI, Pearson 2012
3. RK.Sapru; Public Policy; PHI learning Private limited; New Delhi; 2013.

### **MODULE-IV**

1. RK.Sapru; Public Policy; PHI learning Private limited; New Delhi; 2013.
2. Kuldeep Mathur; Public Policy and Politics in India; Oxford University Press, 2015
3. Rajesh Chakrabarti; Public Policy in India; OUP India; 2015.

<b>SEMESTER - VI</b>
<b>PS 1645</b>
<b>PROJECT /DISSERTATION</b>

#### **Aim:**

To develop an aptitude for research in Political Science

#### **Objective:**

To inculcate proficiency to identify appropriate research topics and presentation

#### **Specifications**

The dissertation/project topic may be theoretical or empirical relevant to the study of Political Science

The dissertation shall be divided into Preliminary, Introduction, Chapters, Conclusion and List of Selected Bibliography

#### **a) Preliminary**

Title page, Certificate, Preface with Acknowledgement (acknowledgement is not mandatory) and Contents with page numbers

#### **b) Introduction**

Introduction specify the objectives of the study, scope and relevance of the study and a general introduction of the topic

**c) Chapters**

Chapters should analyse the core content of the topic

**d) Conclusion**

Conclusion must begin with a brief revisit to the problem and highlight the relevance and significance of the study. Conclusion states the findings of the study and suggestions if any,

**e) List of selected Bibliography**

Reference books in a standard format must be given after the conclusion

**Instructions regarding the preparation and submission of the Report**

The Dissertation must be typed in A4 size paper 1.5 line space, 1.5 inches margin on the left side and 1 inch on the other side. References and foot-notes must be given.

Dissertation must be spirally bound. Size of the typed matter may be 40- 55 pages, The topic for the dissertation should be assigned at the beginning of the Vth semester and the reports should be submitted to the Department in duplicate before the completion of the VI<sup>th</sup> Semester.

## **SYLLABUS OF FIRST DEGREE PROGRAMME-COMPLIMENTARY POLITICAL SCIENCE**

<b>SEMESTER: I</b>
<b>COMPLEMENTARY COURSE - I</b>
<b>PS 1131</b>

### **INTRODUCTION TO POLITICAL SCIENCE**

#### **Aim:**

The course to intend to familiarize the students with the fundamental Principles of Political Science

#### **Objectives:**

- To understand the major principles of Political Science
- To introduce the major concepts of Political Science
- To make aware about various political ideologies.

#### **MODULE -I - INTRODUCTION**

- A. Meaning, nature, definitions and scope of Political Science
- B. Interdisciplinary study in Political Science
- C. History, Economics, Sociology, Psychology and Ethics

#### **MODULE -II - APPROACHES**

Traditionalism, Behaviouralism, Post- Behaviouralism

#### **MODULE -III -POLITICAL IDEOLOGIES AND CONCEPTS**

Liberalism, Marxism, Gandhism, democracy

#### **MODULE- IV: STATE AND GOVERNMENT**

- A. State- Its elements
- B. Civil Society
- C. Organs of Government – Legislature, Executive and Judiciary. (with examples from India, UK, USA and Switzerland)

#### **Reading List**

#### **MODULE -I**

A.Appadurai(2001),Substance of Politics, Oxford University press, New Delhi.  
Urmila sharma,SK sharma(2000), Principles And Theory in Political Science, Atlantic Publishers& Dist, New Delhi.

A.C.Kapur (2001), Principles of Political Science, S,Chand and Company, New Delhi.  
N.Jayapalan(2002),Comprehensive Modern Political Analysis, Atlantic Publishers& Dist, New Delhi.

#### **MODULE -II**

S.P.Varma (1976) , Modern Political theory ,Vikas, New Delhi  
N.Jayapalan(2002),Comprehensive Modern Political Analysis, Atlantic Publishers& Dist, New Delhi.  
J.C.Johari (1987) , Contemporary Political theory ,Sterling Publishers Private limited, New Delhi.  
Urmila sharma,SK sharma(2000), Principles And Theory in Political Science , Atlantic Publishers& Dist, New Delhi

#### **MODULE -III**

J.C.Johari (1987) , Contemporary Political theory ,Sterling Publishers Private limited, New Delhi.  
Andrew Heywood (2005) Key Concepts in Politics ,Palgrave Macmillan,  
Eddy Asirvatham and K.K.Misra(2005) , Political Theory ,S.Chand and CompanyLtd. New Delhi.  
Andrew Heywood (1998) ,Political ideologies – An Introduction Macmillan Press Ltd., London.

#### **MODULE -IV**

Raj Kumar Pruthi (2005),Nature and scope of Political science, Discovery Publishing house , New Delhi.  
Urmila sharma,SK sharma(2000), Principles And Theory in Political Science , Atlantic Publishers& Dist, New Delhi  
A.C.Kapur (2001), Principles of Political Science, S,Chand and Company, New Delhi.  
Alan R. Ball and B.Guy Peters (2005,) Modern Politics and Government, Palgrave Macmillan New Delhi.

<b>SEMESTER- II</b>
<b>COMPLEMENTARY COURSE -II</b>
<b>PS 1231</b>

#### **INDIAN GOVERNMENT AND POLITICS**

##### **Aim:**

To impart knowledge about the functioning of the constitution of India.

##### **Objectives:**

- To study the basic principles of the Indian constitution
- To impart awareness about the Political System in India.

## **MODULE- I: INTRODUCTION**

- A. Salient features of the Indian Constitution
- B. Preamble

## **MODULE- II: RIGHTS, PRINCIPLES AND DUTIES**

- A. Fundamental rights
- B. Directive Principles of State Policy
- C. Fundamental Duties

## **MODULE -III: UNION GOVERNMENT**

- A. Legislature- Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha (Organization and function)
- B. Executive – President, Council of Ministers (Powers and functions)
- C. Judiciary – Supreme Court and High Court (Organization and Function)

## **MODULE- IV: INDIAN DEMOCRACY AT WORK**

- A. Electoral Process – Election commission (Powers and Functions)
- B. Evolution of party system in India – One party dominant system and coalition Politics

### **Reading list**

#### **MODULE -I**

- 1. Dr. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Agency Alahabad. PP 11-13
- 2. Mahindra Pal Sing, Constitution of India, Eastern Book Company Lucknow. PP A-9 - A-13
- 3. BM Gandhi, Landmarks In Indian Legal And Constitutional History, Eastern Book Company., PP 403-405

#### **MODULE II**

- 4. Keshav Dayal, Makers of Indian Constitution, Universal Law Publishing Company, Delhi, PP 84-98
- 5. Dr. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Agency Alahabad. PP 388-413
- 6. DD Das, Introduction To The Constitution Of India, Lexis Nexis. PP 156-166

#### **MODULE - III**

- 7. Dr. J N Pandey, The Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Agency Alahabad. PP 414-473
- 8. Dr . Lokendra Malik, Judicial Activism In India(ed), Universal Law Publishing Company, Delhi, PP 124-131
- 9. DD Das, Introduction To The Constitution Of India, Lexis Nexis. PP 313-326

#### **MODULE - IV**

10. SP Sathe, Judicial Activism In India, Oxford University Press. PP 25-63
11. Granville Austin, The Indian Constitution-Corner Stone Of A Nation, Oxford University

<b>SEMESTER - III</b>
<b>COMPLEMENTARY COURSE-III</b>
<b>PS 1331</b>

### **PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION**

#### **Aim:**

The course is intended to create an understanding of the basic elements of Public Administration

#### **Objectives:**

- To equip the students with some theoretical understanding about Public Administration.
- To embody detailed discussion on Organization, Personnel Administration and Financial Administration.

#### **MODULE -I**

Nature and Scope of Public Administration - Public and Private Administration - New Public Administration.

#### **MODULE -II. Organisation:**

Principles of Organisation - Hierarchy, Span of Control, Unity of Command - Delegation - Co-ordination - Centralisation - Decentralisation. Chief Executive - Administrative functions - Line, Staff and Auxiliary Agencies. Department, Bases (4P's) Public Corporation and Independent Regulatory Commission.

#### **MODULE - III. Personnel Administration , Bureaucracy- Meaning**

Recruitment - Problems of recruitment - Methods of Recruitment - Direct and Indirect - Recruitment, Agencies (UPSC).

Training - Kinds of Training - Methods of Training - Conduct - discipline - performance appraisal.

#### **MODULE - IV. Financial Administration**

Budgetary process in India - Preparation - Enactment and Execution of Budget.

**MODULE - V. Development Administration - Role of District Collector in Development Administration - Good Governance.**

**Reading List**

**MODULE - I**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.
- Marx, F.M, (1946), *Elements of Public Administration*, New Delhi, Prentice Hall of India
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, R. (2014). *Public Administration: Concepts and Theories*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt Ltd.
- Appleby, Paul. H., (1949) *Policy and Administration*, United States, University of Alabama Press.
- Aggarwal.U.C., (ed), (2003) *Public Administration - Vision & Reality*, IIPA Golden Jubilee Publication, New Delhi, Indian Institute of Public Administration.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.

**MODULE - II**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahithya Bhavan Publications.
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.

**MODULE - III**

- Goel, S. (1999). *Personnel Administration and Management: Concepts and Techniques*. New Delhi: Kanishka Publishers Distributors.
- C S Venkat Ratnam, & Srivasthava, B. K. (1991). *Personnel Management and Human Resources* New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd.
- Ahmed, F. (Ed.) (1995). *Bureaucracy and Development Administration*. New Delhi: Manak Publications Pvt Ltd.
- Dhariwal, S., & Parnami, K. K. (2007). *Training, Civil Services and Personnel Administration*. New Delhi: Rawat Publishers.
- Kingsley, Donald.J,(1942), *Recruiting applications for the Public Service - A report submitted by the Committee on recruitment for the Public Service*, United States

#### **MODULE -IV**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahitya Bhavan Publications.
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.
- Parashar, P. (1997). *Public Administration in the Developed World*. New Delhi: Sarup and Sons
- Srivasthara K.S, (2007), *Public Administration in India*, New Delhi, APH Publishing Corporation

#### **MODULE - V**

- Fadia, P. B. L., & Fadia, D. K. (2011). *Public Administration: Administrative Theories and Concepts*. New Delhi: Sahitya Bhavan Publications.
- Avasthi, & Maheshwari. (2013). *Public Administration*. Agra: Lakshmi Narain Agarwal.
- Bhagwan, D. V., Bhushan, D. V., & Mohla, D. V. (2012). *Public Administration*. New Delhi: S Chand Companies Pvt Ltd.
- Basu, Rumki, *Public Administration - Concepts and Theories*, New Delhi, Sterling Publishers.
- Chakrabarthy, B., & Chand, P. (2012). *Public Administration in a Globalising World: Theories and Practices*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- Mathur, K. (Ed.) (1996). *Development Policy and Administration*. New Delhi: Sage Publishers.
- Sapru, R. K. (2007). *Public Policy Formulation, Implementation and Evaluation*. New Delhi: Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.
- Hazary, Narayan, (2005), *Development Administration*, New Delhi, A.P.H. Publishing Corporation
- Roy, Jayatilak Guha, (2006), *Right to Information: Initiatives and Impact -*, New Delhi, Indian Institute of public Administration.
- Gajanan, R. P., & Sharma, A. (2011). *Public Administration: Today and Tomorrow*. New Delhi, Crescent Publishing Company.

<b>SEMESTER IV</b>
<b>COMPLIMENTARY COURSE VII</b>
<b>PS 1431</b>

#### **INTERNATIONAL POLITICS**

##### **Aim:**



The course seeks to equip the students with the basic concepts, theories, ideologies, and approaches in the study of International Politics

**Objectives:**

- To provide an overview of the changing power relations in the international arena.
- To create awareness about major issues in global politics

**MODULE - I-** Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Politics.

**MODULE- II** - Main Approaches to the Study of International Politics: Idealism Vs Realism, System Theory.

**MODULE - III-** State System and its Features:

Nationalism, Sovereignty, National Power.

**MODULE- IV-**International Organization:

Role of U.N in Maintaining International Peace and Security.

Regional Organizations- SAARC, ASEAN, E.U.

**MODULE V-** Issues in Global Politics

Globalization and its Impact on Developing Countries

International Terrorism, Global Warming, Energy Crisis,

Food Crisis, Weapons of Mass Destruction

**Reading List**

**Module-1**

Anne Peters, L. K. (2009). *Non-State Actors as Standard Setters*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

GHOSH, P. (2013). *INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS*. New Delhi: PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd.

Keersmaecker, G. D. (2017). *Polarity, Balance of Power and International Relations Theory: Post-Cold War and the 19th Century Compared*. Ghent: Palgrave.

Morgenthau, H. J. (1993). *Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace*. New York: McGraw-Hill.

Reinalda, D. B. (2013). *The Ashgate Research Companion to Non-State Actors*. Farnham: Ashgate Publishing, Ltd.

Tellis, A. J. (2001). *Measuring National Power in the Postindustrial Age*. Santa Monica: Rand Corporation.

Waltz, K. N. (2010). *Theory of International Politics*. Illinois: Waveland Press.

## **Module-2**

Daddow, O. (2009). *International Relations Theory*. New Delhi: SAGE.

Harvey, D. (2007). *A Brief History of Neoliberalism*. oxford: OUP Oxford.

Kissinger, H. (2014). *World Order: Reflections on the Character of Nations and the Course of History*. London: Penguin UK.

Siegfried Schieder, M. S. (2014). *Theories of International Relations*. New York: Routledge.

Walter Carlsnaes, T. R. (2012). *Handbook of International Relations*. New Delhi: Sage.

## **Module-3**

Appadorai, A. (1992). *National interest and India's foreign policy*. New Delhi: Kalinga Publications.

David Armstrong, T. F. (2012). *International Law and International Relations*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.

Griffiths, M. (1995). *Realism, Idealism and International Politics: A Reinterpretation*. London: Routledge.

Jayapalan, N. (2001). *Foreign Policy of India*. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers & Dist.

Jervis, R. (1976). *Perception and Misperception in International Politics*. New Jersey: Princeton University Press.

Kumar, S. (2010). *In the National Interest: A Strategic Foreign Policy for India*. New Delhi: Business Standard Books.

## **Module-4**

Chatterjee, A. (New Delhi). *International Relations Today: Concepts and Applications*. 2010: Pearson.

Karen A. Mingst, M. P. (2016). *The United Nations in the 21st Century*. Boulder: Westview Press.

Shannon L. Blanton, C. W. (2017). *World Politics: Trend and Transformation, 2016 - 2017*. Boston: Cengage Learning.

## Module 5

Ahmed, N. M. (2017). *Failing States, Collapsing Systems: BioPhysical Triggers of Political Violence*. Cambridge: Springer.

Brooks, R. (2016). *How Everything Became War and the Military Became Everything: Tales from the Pentagon*. New York: Simon and Schuster.

D'Anieri, P. (2016). *International Politics: Power and Purpose in Global Affairs*. Boston: Cengage Learning.

Nacos, B. L. (2016). *Terrorism and Counterterrorism*. New York: Routledge.

Steve Lamy, J. M. (2016). *Introduction to Global Politics*. New York: Oxford University Press.

**SYLLABUS OF FIRST DEGREE PROGRAMME - OPEN COURSES  
OFFERED BY POLITICAL SCIENCE FACULTY**

<b>SEMESTER - V</b>
<b>OPEN COURSE - I</b>
<b>PS 1551.1</b>

**DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION**

**Aim:**

To create an awareness of origin, development and concepts in development administration.

**Objectives:**

- To facilitate an analytical study of the developmental process taking place in the third world countries.
- To familiarize various instances of development Administration.

**MODULE - I: Development Administration - Concepts and Elements**

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Relevance of development administration - Evolution of development administration - Development administration and administrative development - Aims and objectives of development administration.

**MODULE- II: Part A - Approaches and Dimensions of Development Administration**

Liberal, Marxian and Gandhian approaches.

Political, Economic and administrative dimensions of development administration.

Part B - Bureaucracy and development administration.

**MODULE - III: Development Administration in India**

District administration - Role of district collector - Socio-economic frame work: political parties, interest and pressure groups, public opinion, NGOs - Planning and development - Decentralised planning - Participatory development,

**MODULE- IV: People and Development Administration**

Urban administration - Rural administration - Welfare programmes: IRDP, NREGP, CDP, SHGs - Need for human resource planning in India.

**MODULE - V: Issues and Problems in Development Administration**

Resources for development administration: Human, Material, Technology and Time - Accountability - Politicisation - Development administration in the context of globalisation.

### **Reading list**

Ahamed Fargan, Bureaucracy and development Administration, Mank Publications, New Delhi/1995

Bhattacharya Mohit, Bureaucracy and Development administration, uppal, New Delhi, 1979

Chatterjee S K /Development Administration In India, Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 1990

Mandal U C , Development Administration and Public administration, Sarup and Sons, New Delhi. 1997

Pai Pandaikar V A , Development Administration in India, Macmillan, New Delhi, 1978

Sapru R K /Development Administration, Sterling Publishers, New Delhi, 1997

Umapathy M, Development administration Today, Manu Publications, Mysore, 1994.

<b>SEMESTER -V</b>
<b>OPEN COURSE -I</b>
<b>PS 1551.2</b>

### **HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA**

#### **Aim:**

To familiarize the concept of Human Rights and impart awareness about the Human Rights conditions in India

#### **Objectives:**

- To make a detailed understanding about the constitutional provisions dealing with Human Rights
- To make awareness about the Rights of socially excluded people

#### **MODULE - I:** Human Rights - its basic concepts

Origin and development

Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948)

Need for balance between rights and duties

#### **MODULE - II:** Human Rights and the Indian Constitution

Fundamental Rights

Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties

Protection and Enforcement Agencies - National Human Rights Commission

Women's Commission, Police and Human Rights

#### **MODULE -III:** Human Rights of Disadvantaged Sections in Kerala

Women and Children - Problem of representation, Violence against women - Child labour

Dalits and Adivasis - Right to development and shelter

**MODULE - IV: New Dimensions of Human Rights**

Right to Development

Media in protecting Human Rights

Globalisation and Human Rights

Civil War and Terrorism - The Right to Peace

**Reading List**

Andrew Clapham, Human Rights, Oxford, 2007.

Byne, Darren I, Human Rights, Delhi: Pearson ,2005

Pathak, Arunkumar (2005), Human Rights, Delhi; Silvar Line Publications

Rao, Bhaskara, Digumarti (2004), Human Rights Education, Delhi: Discovery Publishing House.

Das, Asishkumar & Prasantkumar, Mohanty (2007) Human Rights in India, Delhi: Sarup & Sons,

Dr. Singh, Subhash Chandra (2006) Social Justice and Human Rights in India, New Delhi, Serials Publications.

Sengal B.P.S., (2000) Human Rights in India, Problems and Perspective, New Delhi: Deep and Deep Publications.

Jacobson R. (1992) The United Nation and Human Rights : A critical appraisal, Oxford University Press.

Khanna, S.K. (1998) Children and Human Rights, New Delhi: Commonwealth Publishers.

Mehta, P. L and Neena Varma (1995) Human Rights under the Indian Constitution, ' New Delhi; Deep and Deep Publications.

Ujjwal Kumar Singh, Human Rights and Peace, Sage, New Delhi, 2009.

Singh, Subhash Chandra. (2006). Social Justice and Human Rights in India. New Delhi: Serials Publications.

Sinha, P.C. (2002). Encyclopaedia of Human Rights. New Delhi: Anmol Publishers.

Sreekrishna, S. & Samudrala, Anilkumar. (2007). Dalits and Human Rights. New Delhi: Serials Publications.

Subhrajit, Chatterjee. (2014). Problems Faced by LGBT People in the Mainstream Society: Some recommendations. International Journal of Interdisciplinary and Multidisciplinary Studies (IJIMS). Vol 1, No.5, pp.317-331. ISSN: 2348 – 0343

Suresh, Hosbeth. (2010). All Human Rights are Fundamental Rights: Second Edition. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing.

Tadsad, Kamalaxi G. & Ramaswamy, Harish. (2012). Human Rights and Police Administration. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.

Welch Jr., Claude E. (2001). NGOs and Human Rights: Promise and Performance. Pennsylvania, University of Pennsylvania Press.

<b>SEMESTER- V</b>
<b>Open Course-I</b>
<b>PS 1551.1</b>

## **GREEN POLITICS**

### **Aim :**

This course is intended to provide basic awareness about the environmental issues confronted by the humanity in the present global scenario and to equip the students to understand the environmental movements .

### **Objectives:**

- To provide the basic theoretical understanding about environmental issues and activism .
- To familiarize the major environmental movements.
- To introduce major conventions and laws in the protection of environment .

### **MODULE -I**

Man and nature: Theoretical Debates

Marxian environmental theory, Eco Feminism , Gandhian Perspective , Environmental Democracy.

Pillars of Green Politics: Ecological Wisdom, Social Justice, Grass roots democracy and non violence .

### **MODULE -II**

Environment, development and Global governance.

Neoliberal development and the environment, sustainable development ,Stockholm Conference ,Rio summit ,Bali Action Plan ,Role of NGOs

### **MODULE -III**

Climate change and Policy making

North-South divide and Policy making, Paris conference .

India's climate change policy : National action plan on climate change (NAPCC 2008) .

Basic principles of environmental legislations in India.

### **MODULE -IV**

Global Environmental Movements .

Green Belt Movement, Green Peace Movement, Plachimada Struggle, Chipko Movement, Narmada Movement .

### **Reading list**

## MODULE -I

- Baxter, Brian. (1999). *Ecologism: An Introduction*. Edinburgh University.
- Carter, Neil (2007). *The politics of the Environment: Ideas, Activism, Policy*. Cambridge University Press.
- Dobson, Andrew (2007) (4<sup>th</sup> Edn) *Green Political Thought*. Routledge, Taylor and Francis.
- Hay Peter (2002) *A Companion to Environmental Thought*. Jaipur, Rawat Publication.
- Pandey, Ashutosh. (2010). *Relevance of Gandhi in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century*. Delhi, India: Abhijeet Publications.
- Chattopadhyay, Tapan Kumar. (2006). *Man and Ecology in Marx and Gandhi*. Kolkatha, India: Mithram.
- Rajarethnam, K. (1993). *Development of Environmental Economics: The Relevance of Gandhi*. Madras, India: Centre for Research on New International Economic Order
- Mulvaney, Dustin. (2011). *Green Politics*. Sage Publications.

## MODULE -II

- Elliott, A. Jennifer. (...). *An Introduction to Sustainable Development*. London: taylor & Francis.
- Hulse, H. Joseph. (2007). *Sustainable Development at Risk: Ignoring the Past*. Cambridge university Press.
- Maya, R, Vanitha, J., Padmavati Kamala., Mithirai, D. Saanga., & Padmavathy, M. (2012). *Issues and Challenges of Sustainable Development in India*. New Delhi: Serials Publications

## MODULE -III

- GanesaMurthy, V.S. (2011). *Environmental Status and Policy in India*. New Delhi. New Century Publications
- Leelakrishnan, P. (2005). *Environmental Law In India*. Butter Worths: Lexis Nexis.
- Fisher, Elizebeth., Lange, Bettina., & Scotford, Eloie. (2013). *Environmental Law: Text, Cases and Materials*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

## MODULE -IV

- Achuthan, A. (2012): *Janapaksha Jalanayam* (Malayalam). Thiruvananthapuram, Kerala: Kerala Bhasha Institute.
- Roots, C. ed. (1999) *Environmental Movements: Local, National, Global*; New York: Frank Cass
- Rangarajan, Mahesh. (2007) *Environmental Issues in India: a Reader*. India. Pearson